Key updated to include new taxonomy regarding the treatment of *S. virgata*, here synonymized within a newly published taxon *S. asprella* subsp. *virgata*. This change is consistent with how the taxon is being treated by Flora of Oregon and is an acceptable interpretation of the molecular phylogenetic work of Andreasen and Baldwin (2003).

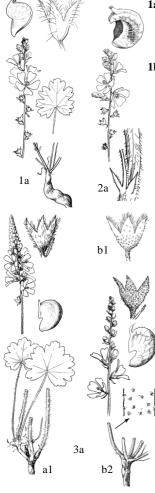
References:

Andreasen, K. & B.G. Baldwin. 2003. Reexamination of relationships, habital evolution, and phylogeography of checkermallows (*Sidalcea*; Malvaceae) based on molecular phylogenetic data. Amer. J. Bot. 90(3):436–444.

Sidalcea Gray Checker-mallow; Sidalcea

Fls racemose; pls \mathcal{Q} to \mathcal{J} , \mathcal{Q} , the \mathcal{Q} fls smaller and often darker colored than the \mathcal{Q} fls; petals white to deep pink or pinkish-lavender, ciliate on the claws; stamens free in 2–3 series, filaments of the outer 2 series mostly connate in groups of 2–6, the uppermost series gen with 10 partially connate pairs; mericarps 5–10, tardily separating, 1seeded; ann or per (ours) herbs, gen stellate-pubescent and often ± hirsute; lvs ovate to reniform cordate, margins gen palmately lobed. (Gr *Sida*, plus *Alcea*, both names of other genera).

Sidalcea asprella Greene, coll once (1916) in Lane Co, OR, is poorly differentiated from *S. virgata* in our area; *S. glausescens* Greene app our area in sw ID; a report of *S. hirsuta* A. Gray from Linn Co, OR, is erroneous. The treatment here reflects current knowledge; further taxonomic studies will likely lead to changes.

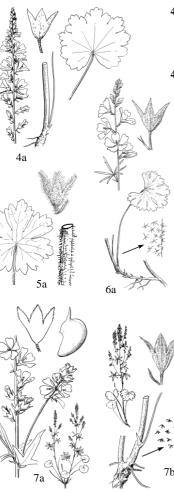


1a Pls from enlarged, \pm fleshy, taproot or fascicled root, not rhizomatous, 2–7 dm, sparsely hirsute, esp on the calyx; racemes elongate and loosely fld; mericarp nearly smooth throughout, ca 2.5 mm, with curved beak ca 0.6 mm; moist, strongly alkaline areas; ec OR to WY, s to CA, NM, and Mex; RM c. (*S. crenulata, S. n.* var. *c.*)

1 S. neomexicana Gray 1b Pls with woody roots, often rhizomatous, gen strongly stellate, at least on the calyx; racemes often congested and spicate; mericarps reticulate-pitted to smooth

- 2a Petals white to pale pink, occ pinkish-lavender; lower part of st gen hirsute with simple (forked) hairs; outer calyx surface uniformly stellate-pubescent, sometimes also with long, bristly hairs; racemes elongate, loosely fld, calyces gen not overlapping at anthesis; mericarps ca 3.5 mm, the sides rather prominently reticulate-pitted; pls short-rhizomatous, 5–20 dm; dry fields, Wi Va, from Portland s, apparently hybridizes with no 5 in Lewis Co, WA; often cult and occ escaped elsewhere; meadow s.
- **2b** Petals gen deep pink to pinkish-lavender; st base glab to stellate; racemes often closely fld, spikelike, calyces often overlapping at anthesis; mericarp texture various; pls sometimes nonrhizomatous
 - 3a Pls nonrhizomatous, often with woody roots and decumbent but non-rooting brs; lvs often strongly glaucous, sometimes fleshy; mericarp sides from nearly smooth to reticulate-pitted; pls 2–15 dm; from sagebr plains to meadows and ponderosa pine woodl; mostly e Cas, c WA to CA, e to WY and UT; OR c.; 3 weakly defined vars. in our area
 3 S. oregana (Nutt.) Gray
 - **a1** St base with simple to forked hairs; long, stiff hairs of outer calyx surface and lobe margins dense to scattered, stellate pubescence ± uniformly dense on outer calyx surface; mericarp sides smooth to lightly reticulate veined; c OR to NV and CA (*Callirhoe s., S. s., S. o.* subsp. *s.*) var. **spicata** (Regel) Jeps.
 - **a2** St base stellate-pubescent or glab; long, stiff hairs along calyx lobe margins only or gen absent, outer calyx surface sparsely or uniformly dense short stellate-pubescent; mericarp sides reticulate-rugose
 - **b1** Stiff hairs along calyx lobe margins only, outer calyx surface gen sparsely short stellate-pubescent; st base glab; Wen Mts, WA var. **calva** Hitchc.
 - **b2** Stiff hairs on outer calyx gen absent, rarely scattered, outer calyx surface gen uniformly densely covered with short stellate-pubescence, rarely with scattered, long, stiff hairs; st base stellate pubescent or glab; range of sp. (*S. o.* vars. *procera, maxima*) var. **oregana**

3b Pls rhizomatous but rhizomes often short and thick; st sometimes trailing and rather freely rooting; herbage not particularly glaucous; mericarps reticulatepitted or smooth; pls to 15 dm; mostly w Cas



4a Calyx 4–7 mm, subglab to uniformly short stellate-pubescent, gen purplish; st glab to sparsely hirsute with short, appressed, simple hairs at base; mericarp sides lightly reticulate, beak < 0.5 mm; petals 5–15 mm; gravelly, well-drained soil; Lewis Co, WA, to Linn Co, OR, w to e Tillamook Co; Nelson's c.

4 S. nelsoniana Piper

- **4b** Calyx mostly > 6 mm, gen densely hairy; st gen very hairy at base; mericarps often coarsely reticulate, beak often ≥ 0.5 mm; petals frequently > 15 mm
 - 5a St bases hirsute with rather stiff, simple or forked hairs 1–2.5 mm; racemes spikelike, congested, gen < 8 cm; calyx 9–15 mm, enlarged considerably in fr, finely stellate but also strongly hirsute with hairs 1–2 mm; mericarp sides prominently reticulate-alveolate; coastal mts to bluffs along the ocean and CRG, but never on tideflats; Clark Co, WA, to Lincoln, Tillamook and Clatsop cos, OR; hairy-std c.; pls in Lewis Co, WA, are possible hybrids with no 2 5 S. hirtipes Hitchc.</p>
 - **5b** St bases gen with stellate pubescence; racemes elongate; calyx < 9 mm, or pl otherwise not as above
 - 6a Calyx lobes not widened above base, gen tapered ± evenly to the tip, outer calyx surface ± uniformly short stellate-pubescent, often purplish; sts mostly < 10 dm, not fistulose, gen trailing and freely rooting at base, often truly rhizomatous; racemes commonly rather open; petals 5, rounded but retuse, 10–30 mm; mericarp sides gen strongly reticulate-pitted; fields and roadsides to grassy hillsides and lower mts, esp in moist meadows, Wi Va s to Josephine Co, OR; disjunct population in Thurston, Co, WA, the nativity of which is unclear; rose c. (*S. malviflora* subsp. *virgata*, *S. v.*); ours subsp. virgata (Howell) Halse
 - 6b Calyx lobes often widened above base, outer calyx surface glab or subglab except for ciliate margins, often purplish, much-enlarged in fr; sts to 18 dm, ± fistulose; racemes compound, closely fld and spikelike; petals often > 5, truncate or erose, 10–18 mm; mericarp sides smooth to slightly reticulate; two intergrading spp. that may best be recognized as two subspp. of no 7
 - 7a St glab or only sparsely pubescent at base with short, simple to forked hairs; mericarps ca 4 mm, sides nearly or quite smooth, the beak gen at least 1 mm; coastal, gen on or near tidel; VI to Umpqua R area in OR; Henderson's c.
 7 S. hendersonii S. Watson
 - 7b St appressed stellate-pubescent, occ glab, at base; mericarps ca 3 mm, sides smooth or only slightly reticulate, the beak 0.5–1 mm; open fields, mostly in rather heavy soil; Lane, Douglas, and Coos cos, OR; Cusick's c. 8 S. cusickii Piper