Schoenoplectiella segregated from Schoenoplectus on the basis of morphological characters and molecular data. Doing so makes Schoenoplectus and Schoenoplectiella monophyletic.

## References:

Hayasaka, E. 2012. Delineation of Schoenoplectiella Lye (Cyperaceae), a genus newly segregated from Schoenoplectus (Rchb.) Palla. Japanese Journal of Botany. 87: 169-186.

Larridon et al., 2021. A new classification of Cyperaceae (Poales) supported by phylogenomic data. Journal of Systematics and Evolution. 59(4): 852-895.

## Schoenoplectus (Rchb.) Palla Bulrush; Naked-st Bulrush; Club-rush

Spikelets $1-\infty$ in capitate to umbelliform or paniculiform infls subtended by gen 1(5) erect (to spreading) infl bract(s), the infl apparently lateral; scales spirally arranged, scarious, with or without an excurrent awn-tip; fls ơ, borne singly in axils of scales; perianth of $0-6(-8)$ often scab bristles, these < to slightly > achene, sometimes $\pm$ reduced; stamens 3, filaments flattened, persistent, not scab; style bifid or trifid, deciduous; achene lenticular or $\pm$ trigonous, commonly with a short, slender, stylar apiculus, but without apical tubercle; ann or per herbs with triangular or terete, solid sts, sometimes spongy with internal air chambers; lvs mostly basal, with closed sheath and obsolete, reduced or elongate bl, ligs glab, sts nodeless. (Gr schoinos, for reed or rush, and plectos, for twisted or woven, referring to many historical uses of sts). (Scirpus in part). See also Schoenoplectiella.


1a Pls submerged aquatic; underwater lvs elongate, filiform and limp, floating; sts erect and emergent a few cm (never floating); scales white or pale brown; infl always a solitary spikelet; acidic lakes, pools in peatlands, up to 1 m deep, easily overlooked; se AK to CA on both sides Cas, e to MT, also e N Am; water b. (Sci.

1 S. subterminalis (Torr.) Soják
1b Pls terrestrial or emergent aquatic; lvs, if present, never filiform and limp; sts gen emergent much of their length; scales red-brown to dark brown; infl $1-\infty$ spikelets 2a Sts round in cross-section; infl br

3a Achenes trigonous, stigmas 3; scab perianth bristles gen $2-4(5)$, gen 2 shorter and 2 longer; scale surface glab (although awn and margins may be scab); spikelets mostly solitary; emergent in lakes; seldom seen in our area, c WA to CA, mostly e Cas, e to MT, MA, and TX; slender b. (Sci. h.)

2 S. heterochaetus (Chase) Soják
3b Achenes all or mostly planoconvex or biconvex, stigmas all or mostly 2 ; scab perianth bristles (4-)6(-8), gen $=$ in length; scale surface puberulent esp on midrib; spikelets solitary or clustered
4a Scale awns, some or all, gen contorted (often broken), $0.5-2 \mathrm{~mm}$; scales gen dull, midrib not strongly contrasting, surface with $\infty$ shiny red streaks, often puberulent; achenes $2.2-2.7 \mathrm{~mm}$, including beak, completely hidden by scales; lakes, marshes, sloughs in water to 1.5 m deep; common, AK to CA, Mex, e to Atl; hardstem b., tule (Sci. a., Sch. a. var. occidentalis)

3 S. acutus (Muhl. ex Bigelow) Á. Löve \& D. Löve 4b Scale awns gen straight (or bent), $0.2-0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$; scales $\pm$ shiny, often with contrasting green midrib, surface glab, shiny red streaks and puberulence gen restricted to region of midrib; achenes gen 1.6-2.1(-2.4) mm, including beak, barely covered by scales; lakes, marshes, sloughs, peatlands, ditches, in water to 1 m deep; common, AK to Mex, e to Atl; C and S Am; softstem b., tule (Sci. validus)

4 S. tabernaemontani (C.C. Gmel.) Palla


2b Sts 3-angled, triangular in cross-section, at least distally; infl sessile or br 5a Sts weakly triangular distally, often rounded below

6a Infl a br pan, spikelets $\infty$; perianth bristles dark red-brown, 2-4, flattened or trigonous, with dense $\pm$ spreading blunt-tipped hairs; dune lakes; coastal Lane Co, OR, to CA, where more common, e to FL; C and S Am; CA b., tule (Sci. c.)

5 S. californicus (C.A. Mey.) Soják
6b Infl a sessile cluster or $\pm$ umbellate, spikelets 1-30; perianth bristles brown, 4-6, sparsely retrorsely scab with sharp-tipped hairs; freshwater intertidal; lower CR of WA and OR; Kukenthal's b. (Sci. $\times k$., Sch. tabernaemontani $\times$ triqueter); gen found near parents

6 S. $\times$ kukenthalianus (Junge) D.H. Kent
5b Sts distinctly 3-angled throughout


7a Scales blunt or truncate at apex, awn $0.3-0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$; distal lf sheath with bl , lower sheaths all bladeless; spikelets sessile or in umbellate clusters; freshwater intertidal; Eurasian intro; lower CR, WA and OR; triangular c. (Scir. t.)

7 S. triqueter (L.) Palla
7b Scales notched at apex, awn $0.2-2.5 \mathrm{~mm}$; distal lf sheath with bl, some lower sheaths with bls; spikelets sessile
8a Fresh st surfaces $\pm$ flat; notch at apex of scale gen $0.5-1 \mathrm{~mm}$, awn $0.5-2.5$ mm ; distal lf bl gen much > sheath; marshes, shores, peatlands, tolerant of alkali, emergent from water up to 0.7 m deep; AK to CA, Mex, and S Am, e to Atl; Europe; common three-square (Scir. p., Scir. americanus misapplied)

8 S. pungens (Vahl) Palla
8b Fresh st surfaces concave; notch at apex of scale gen $0.1-0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$, awn $0.2-0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$; distal lf bl gen < sheath; marshes, shores, peatlands, tolerant of alkali; BC to CA, Mex, C and S Am, e to Atl; American or Olney's threesquare (Scir. a., Scir. olneyi)

9 S. americanus (Pers.) Volkart ex Schinz \& R. Keller

