RANUNCULACEAE 93

Treatment revised to include R. basalticus, a new species endemic to WA published in 2024.

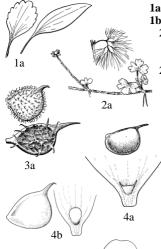
References: Giblin, D.E., C. A. Wright, P. Slichter, and J.A. Arnett. 2023. *Ranunculus basalticus*: a new *Ranunculus* species from south-central Washington. Madrono 70(4): 242–247

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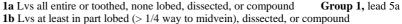
Ranunculus L. Buttercup; Crowfoot; Water-buttercup

Fls \mathcal{C} , radially symmetrical, often showy; sepals 5, spreading to reflexed, often soon deciduous; petals gen 5 (occ 6–18 or ∞), rarely lacking, yellow or white, occ red-tinged, with small, gen scale-covered gland on upper side near base; stamens (5)10– ∞ ; pistils 5– ∞ ; achenes in a globose to ovoid or cylindric, headlike cluster, each compressed to terete, surfaces smooth or occ cross-corrugated, warty, or spiny, not longitudinally veined, glab to hairy, with a short to prominent, straight to hooked, gen persistent stylar beak; aquatic to terrestrial, ann or per herbs with erect, creeping, or floating sts and alt, simple to compound or dissected lvs. (L name, used by Pliny, from *rana*, frog, in reference to the aquatic habitat). (*Batrachium*, *Flammula*, *Hecatonica*).

Molecular and morphological evidence support separation of *Arcteranthis*, *Beckwithia*, *Ceratocephala*, *Ficaria*, and *Halerpestes* from *Ranunculus*, and inclusion of *Batrachium* within *Ranunculus* (Hörandl et al. 2005; Emadzade et al. 2010). *Ranunculus recurvatus* Poir., included in the 1st ed., does not occur in our area.



b2



- 2a Pls stoloniferous, the sts either rooting at nodes or floating in water; lvs simple and lobed, or compound, or dissected into filiform segms; petals yellow, white, or white with yellow base
 Group 2, lead 10a
- **2b** Pls not stoloniferous, the sts gen erect or decumbent but not rooting at nodes, never floating in water; lvs simple and lobed, or compound, not dissected into filiform segms; petals yellow (occ drying white)
 - **3a** Mature achenes spiny or bristly on faces, the bristles sometimes slender and hair-like but then with hooked tips and pustulate bases **Group 3**, lead 16a
- **3b** Mature achenes neither bristly nor spiny, although sometimes cross-corrugated, or with low warts, or finely hairy (hairs not hooked, not pustulate-based)
 - 4a Achenes only moderately compressed (thickness at least 1/3 the dorsiventral width); margins of nectary scale adnate to petal almost their full length, forming a pocketlflets
 Group 4, lead 20a
 - **4b** Achenes strongly compressed, often discoid (thickness < 1/3 the dorsiventral width); margins of nectary scale free from petal for at least 1/2–2/3 of their length, forming a flaplflets **Group 5,** lead 33a



5a Pls stoloniferous, the sts rooting at the nodes, gen decumbent or prostrate

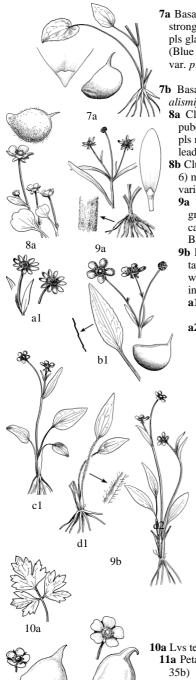
- **6a** Basal Ivs ovate to cordate, mostly < twice as long as wide; roots rather strongly fusiform-thickened toward base, whitish and carrot-shaped; mudflats and stream banks to subalp meadows; Cas from Deschutes and Lane cos, OR, to CA; Gorman's b. (*R. reptans* var. g., *R. terrestris*)

 1 R. gormanii Greene
- 6b Basal Ivs linear to lanceolate or oblanceolate, much > twice as long as wide; roots scarcely fusiform-thickened, not whitened; mudflats mostly, lowl to mt valleys; widespread in N Am; Eurasia; creeping b., lesser spearwort; 3 intergrading vars., in need of further study
 2 R. flammula L.
- a1 Sepals 3–4 mm; petals $5-7\times3-4$ mm; sts prostrate or occ \pm erect; lf bls lanceolate to oblanceolate, 3–10 mm wide; coastal BC s to nw CA, inl to n ID, e Can; Eurasia var. flammula
- **a2** Sepals 1–3 mm; petals 3–5 x 1–3 mm; sts gen prostrate; If bls various
 - b1 Lf bls linear-lanceolate to elliptic, 2–8 mm wide; sepals 2–3 mm; petals 3–5 \times 2–3 mm; s AK s to CA and NM, e across s Can and n US to Atl

var. **ovalis** (J.M. Bigelow) L.D. Benson **b2** Lf bls linear, up to 1 mm wide; sepals 1-2 mm; petals $3-5\times 1-2.5$ mm; widespread in boreal N Am, s to WA, ID, and WY, e to Atl; Eurasia

var. **reptans** (L.) E. Mey.

5b Pls not stoloniferous, the sts never rooting at the nodes, erect or occ decumbent



11b

11a

13a

7a Basal If bls cordate to ± truncate at base, mostly ± crenate-serrulate; roots rather strongly fusiform-thickened toward base, whitish and carrot-shaped; petals 4–9 mm; pls glab; wet mont areas; Cas from Pierce Co, WA to CA, also se WA and ne OR (Blue and Wallowa mts), and through c ID to w MT; mt b. (*R. cusickii, R. alismellus* var. *p.*); some pls are difficult to distinguish from *R. alismifolius*

3 R. populago Greene

7b Basal If bls acute to obtuse at base, entire (serrulate in *R. alismifolius* var. *alismifolius*); roots fusiform-thickened or not

8a Cluster of mature achenes 6–12(–20) mm wide; mature achenes gen finely puberulent; sepals 5–8 mm; petals 8–13 mm; basal lf bls elliptic to oblanceolate; pls mostly of moist swales, sagebr slopes, dry conif for, or occ subalp slopes (see lead 21a)

16 R. glaberrimus Hook.

8b Cluster of mature achenes 2–8 mm wide; mature achenes gen glab; sepals 3–5(–6) mm; petals < 8 mm (to 11 mm in *R. alismifolius* var. *alismifolius*); basal If bls variable, often ovate or narrowly lanceolate; pls of meadows or wet areas

9a Roots finely tomentose, not fusiform-thickened; If bls 0.2–1 cm wide, gradually narrowed to an indistinct petiole; petals gen 4–6 × 1–2 mm; stamens ca 15; wet places in foothills and lower mt meadows; ne OR and adj wc ID; Blue Mt b. 4 R. oresterus L.D. Benson

9b Roots glab, fusiform-thickened or not; If bls often > 1 cm wide, or quickly tapered to a slender petiole; petals 5–11 × 2–8 mm; stamens 20–90; moist to wet, open areas, lowl to alp; in most of w US and sw Can; plantainlvd b.; 5 vars. in our area

5 R. alismifolius Geyer ex Benth.

a1 Petals 7–12 on most fls, narrow, mostly 1.5–3 mm wide; mt meadows; app our area in se ID, to nw NV, UT, WY, and CO var. montanus S. Watson a2 Petals gen 5–6(–8), 2–8 mm wide

b1 Sts 3.5–8 mm diam; basal If bls gen ± serrulate, 6–14 cm, petioles 2–6 mm wide; petals (7–)8–11 mm; pls (2–)3–6 dm, glab; wet meadows and shallow water, lowl to mont; occ from sw BC s in w WA to CRG, Wi Va, and ne CA, e to ID and w MT var. **alismifolius**

b2 Sts 1–3 mm diam; basal lvs entire, 2–9 cm, gen slender-petiolate; petals 5–8 mm; pls mostly < 3(–4) dm, glab or pilose; the following 3 vars. intergrade in our area

c1 Most If bls elliptic or ovate, 1.5–3(-5) cm, ± thin, bases rounded to broadly acute; pls glab; moist mt meadows and stream banks; uncommon, Kittitas Co, WA, s in Cas to CA, e to ID and sw MT; dwarf plaintainIf b. var. alismellus A. Gray

c2 Most If bls broadly to narrowly lanceolate, mostly 3.5-9 cm, \pm thickened, bases broadly acute to acuminate (often a few basal lvs ovate to elliptic and < 3.5 cm)

d1 Roots ± fusiform-thickened toward base; sts and petioles glab or strigose; basal and lower st lvs broadly to narrowly lanceolate, bases gen broadly acute; wet mt meadows and bogs; ne OR to sw MT, s to n NV, nw WY; Davis' b.
var. davisii L.D. Benson

d2 Roots not or scarcely fusiform-thickened; sts and petioles glab (strigose); basal and lower st lf bls mostly narrowly lanceolate, bases acute to acuminate; mt meadows; e side Cas, WA to CA, e in OR to c and s ID, w WY, and NV var. hartwegii (Greene) Jeps.

Group 2

10a Lvs ternate with distinct, petiolulate lflets; pls of dry, moist or wet areas

11a Petals $4-6 \times 3.5-5$ mm, ca = sepals; achene beak straight or nearly so (see lead 35b) 30 **R. macounii** Britt.

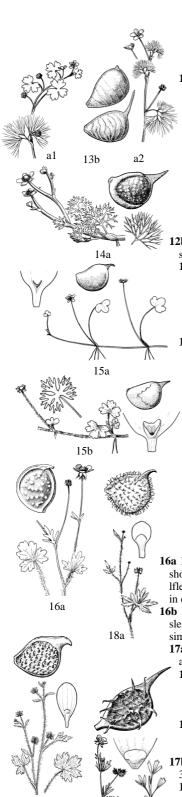
11b Petals $6-18 \times 5-12$ mm, clearly > sepals; achene beak curved (see lead 40a)

34 R. repens L.

10b Lvs dissected into filiform segms, or simple and lobed; pls gen aquatic or semiaquatic on receding shorelines

12a Mature achenes prominently cross-corrugated; petals white or with white bl and yellowish claw; nectary scale small to almost obsolete, wider than long, forming a pocket or a mere thickening

13a Fl recep glab; style 1–1.5 mm, slender and deciduous, the mature achenes not beaked; achenes 2–7 per head, 2–2.4 mm, glab; floating lvs deeply 3-lobed, the lobes elliptic-obovate, entire or with 1–2 clefts; submersed lvs gen 2–3 ×dissected;



18b

19a

petals $4-6 \times 2-5$ mm; occ in lowl vernal pools and ponds; sw BC, Wasco Co, OR, and Wi Va s to c CA; Lobb's w-b. (*R. aquatilis* var. *l.*)

6 R. lobbii (Hiern) A. Gray

13b Fl recep hispid (glab); style 0.1–0.8 mm, deciduous or forming a persistent stylar beak 0.1–1.2 mm; achenes 15 or more per head, body 1–2 mm, glab or hispid; lvs all finely dissected or the floating lvs 3-lobed with lobes obovate to fan-shaped with 2–5 clefts; submersed lvs gen 3–6 × dissected; petals 4–7 × 1–5 mm; ponds, lakes, and sluggish streams; widespread throughout most of N Am; S Am, Eurasia, Australia; white w-b., water c.; 2 vars.

7 R. aquatilis L.

a1 Floating lvs simple and lobed, with wide lamina; submersed lvs filiform-dissected (deep water pls occ lack floating lvs and are indistinguishable from var. diffusus); AK s to CA, mostly in and w of Cas, occ e to w MT, nw WY, and UT; S Am, Europe (R. a. var. hispidulus) var. aquatilis

a2 Lvs all filiform-dissected; widespread, throughout our area and most of N Am; Eurasia, Australia (R. a. vars. capillaceus and porteri, R. longirostris, R. subrigidus) var. diffusus With.

12b Mature achenes not prominently cross-corrugated; petals gen yellow; nectary scale often rather prominent, occ with free margins

14a Mature achene body 1.8–2.5 mm, beak 1–2 mm, body puffy-margined for ca 3/4 of the circumference and strongly keeled on distal dorsal margin; styles 0.8–1.2 mm in fl; petals 7–12 mm; If bls 2–8 cm, mostly 3–5 × ternately dissected into segms scarcely 2 mm wide (occ the upper with fewer, wider segms); ponds and mudflats at lower elev; mostly e Cas, s BC to n CA, e to Alta, ID, WY, n NV, UT, and c US e to Atl; yellow w-b. (*R. fluviatilis*) 8 R. flabellaris Raf.

14b Mature achene body 1–1.6 mm, beak 0.1–0.8 mm, body smooth or slightly puffed for 1/3–2/3 of the circumference, slightly or not at all keeled; styles 0.1–0.4 mm in fl; petals 2–7 mm; If bls 1–3(–6) cm, mostly with 3–5 main divisions, segms gen > 2 mm wide (occ some submerged lvs filiform)

15a Lf bls 0.3–1.2 cm, the 3(5) lobes entire or only shallowly notched; petals 2–4 mm, nectary scale adnate to petal on sides as well as at base, forming a low crescent; style 0.1–0.2 mm in fl, forming a beak 0.1–0.4 mm in fr; mudflats and shallow ponds; circumpolar, s in RM to c ID, w MT, WY, NV, UT, CO; farnb., arctic b., floating w-b. (*R. natans* var. *intertextus*)

9 R. hyperboreus Rottb.

15b Lf bls 1–3(–6) cm, the 3–5 lobes again 1–3-lobed or dissected; petals 3–7 mm, nectary scale adnate to petal only at base, upper margin and sides free and flap-like; style 0.2–0.4 mm in fl, forming a beak 0.4–0.8 mm in fr; shallow ponds to mudflats; circumboreal, s to OR, UT, and NM; Gmelin's b., small yellow w-b. (*R. g.* vars. *hookeri*, *limosus*) 10 **R. gmelinii** DC.

Group 3

16a Mature achene body 2–3 mm, beak 0.4–0.7 mm; surfaces with low tubercles or short, straight spines; stamens 25–50; petals 7–10 mm; basal and lower st lvs trifoliate, lflets distinct; pls per; European intro; sporadic w Cas, sw BC to CA; more common in e US; hairy b.
11 R. sardous Crantz

16b Mature achene body 4–6.5 mm or beak 1.5–3.5 mm, or achene surfaces with ∞ slender, hooked bristles; stamens 6–15; petals 1–10 mm; basal and lower st lvs gen simple, shallowly to deeply lobed; pls ann (rarely per?)

17a Mature achenes with slender, hooked, hair-like bristles thickened only at base, achene body 1.5–3 mm, beak 0.4–0.7 mm; petals 1–2 mm

18a Achenes bristly on surfaces and margins, beak lanceolate; petals spatulate, with nectary at midpoint, claw ca = bl; sepals spreading; moist to dryish hills and woodl; Whitman Co, WA, and adj wc ID, e end CRG, WA and OR, s to Baja Cal; downy b.

12 **R. hebecarpus** Hook. & Arn.

18b Achenes bristly on surfaces, not on margins, beak deltate; petals elliptic, with nectary below midpoint, claw < bl; sepals gen reflexed; European intro; occ w Cas, VI s to CA, e N Am; smallfl b.

13 **R. parviflorus** L.

17b Mature achenes with stout, thickened spines, achene body 4–6.5 mm, beak 1.5–3.5 mm; petals 4–10 mm

19a Achenes spiny on surfaces and margins, 5–8 per head; sepals spreading; nectary scale nearly as wide as adj petal base; lvs oblanceolate to obovate, gen divided into linear to oblanceolate or obovate segms; mostly on waste ground or in dry areas in the lowl; sporadic European intro; sw BC, e WA and adj ID, and Wi Va to CA, also e N Am; field b., corn c., hungerweed

14 R. arvensis L.



19b Achenes spiny on surfaces, not on margins, 10–20 per head; sepals reflexed; nectary scale ca half as wide as adj petal base; lvs cordate to reniform, shallowly 3-lobed, segms wide, deeply crenate to lobate; disturbed areas; European intro; occ w Cas and in CRG, WA to CA; se N Am; spiny-fr b.
15 R. muricatus L.

Group 4



21a Basal If bls entire or with 3(5) shallow, rounded lobes; achenes in a semi-globose cluster; nectary scale (1–)1.5–3 mm; pls long-hirsute on basal-most If stips and gen ± tomentose on the roots; sts rarely > 15 cm, ascending to ± decumbent; sagebr or grassl to conif woodl, lowl to subalp; widespread e Cas, c BC s to nw CA, e to Sask, Daks, NE, and NM, disjunct in ne OM; sagebr b.; 2 vars.

16 R. glaberrimus Hook.

a1 Basal If bls elliptic to oblanceolate, mostly entire; st lvs entire to 3-lobed, middle lobe much the largest; mostly mont to subalp, in juniper or ponderosa pine woodl, sagebr slopes, or subalp meadows; range of sp. including OM (*R. e.*)

var. ellipticus (Greene) Greene

- a2 Basal If bls mostly ovate to obovate, occ wider than long, more often shallowly lobed than entire; st lvs entire or 3-lobed, lobes ± equal in size; mainly lowl sagebr and grassl; s BC to nw CA, e to MT, WY, and SD var. glaberrimus
- 21b Basal If bls crenate to shallowly lobate along much of margin, the teeth or lobes gen > 5; achenes in an ovoid or cylindric cluster; nectary scale 0.3–1 mm; basal stips glab or with marginal cilia only; roots never tomentose; sts gen erect
 - 22a Petals 1–3.5 mm; sepals 2.5–4 mm; anthers 0.4–0.7 mm; achenes 20–40(–50) per head, glab, beak 0.1–0.2 mm; basal If bls cordate to truncate; moist woodl to meadows, lowl to subalp; AK s to ne WA, ID, MT, and NM, e to much of e N Am; smallfld b., kidney-lvd b.
 - 22b Petals 4–13(–16) mm; sepals 4–8 mm; anthers 0.5–2.2 mm; achenes 20–100 or more per head, canescent or glab, beak 0.3–1.8 mm; basal If bls various
 - 23a Sts 1–2 mm diam, solid, often ± decumbent, with 1–3(4) fls, glab to occ sparsely pubescent; basal lf margins shallowly 5–9-lobed, the lobes gen acute (see lead 32b, var. *eximius*)

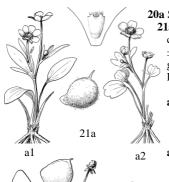
 28 R. eschscholtzii Schltdl.
 - 23b Sts 1.5–4 mm diam, hollow, gen erect, with (1–)3–8 fls, glab to densely pilose; basal lf margins mostly rounded-crenate; pls of RM
 - 24a Basal If bls cordate, as long as or longer than wide; petals 6–13 mm, nectary scale ciliate on upper margin; achenes canescent, beak 0.6–1.2 mm; mt meadows; e BC to Alta and Sask, sporadically s along e base RM in MT, to Daks, WY, CO, UT, NM, and AZ, reported from ne WA but no specimens seen; heartlyd b.
 18 R. cardiophyllus Hook.
 - 24b Basal If bls cuneate to broadly obtuse (rarely cordate), ± as long as wide; petals 4–9 mm, nectary scale not ciliate; achenes canescent or glab, beak 0.4–0.9 mm; mt meadows and moist slopes; RM from n BC to NM, w to ne WA, much of ID, NV, and AZ; unlovely b. (R. alpeophilus); ours var. inamoenus

19 R. inamoenus Greene

20b Basal lvs all lobed at least halfway to base, or compound

- 25a Achene beak absent or to 0.15 mm; achene body with margins and base corkythickened; petals 2–5 mm; pls ann, gen glab, gen erect, 1.5–5 dm; fr heads ellipsoid to shortly cylindric; achenes 1–1.2 × 0.8–1 mm; shallow water to wet meadows; widespread throughout most of N Am n of Mex; Eurasia; celerylvd c. or b., blister b.; 2 vars.

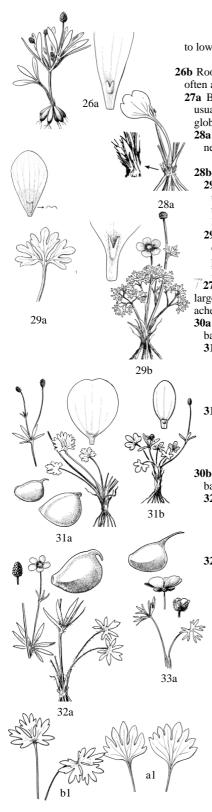
 20 R. sceleratus L.
 - a1 Achenes cross-corrugate or -reticulate on central area of faces; basal lvs deeply divided into 3 main divisions, sinuses between segms narrow, 2ndary lobing shallow; European intro; occ w Cas from sw BC to CA, widely distributed in e N Am (R. eremogenes)
 var. sceleratus
 - a2 Achenes smooth in central area of faces; basal lvs with wider sinuses and primary segms often rather deeply lobed; AK s to n CA, on both sides Cas, e to Que, MN, IA, and NM var. multifidus Nutt.
- **25b** Achene beak 0.2–1.8 mm; achene body with margins and base not corkythickened; petals 3–16 mm; pls per, of moist to dry areas
 - **26a** Roots \pm clavate, tuberlike, abruptly rounded at tip, 1–2.5(–5) cm, 2–5 mm diam; lvs deeply divided into (2)3(–5) narrowly oblanceolate, entire lobes, the st lvs often opp or whorled; achenes 1.1–1.4 \times 0.8–1.1 mm; nectary scale ca 0.7 mm, narrowly fan-shaped, lateral margins adnate full length and forming pocket; sts mostly < 10 cm; pls fl soon after appearance from under snow; sagebr slopes







24b



to lower for; sw MT and se ID to NV, UT, WY, and CO; Jove's b. (*R. digitatus*)
21 **R. jovis** A. Nelson

26b Roots tapered gradually to tip, not tuberlike; basal lvs with the primary lobes often again divided or toothed; achenes $1-2.4 \times 0.8-2$ mm

27a Basal-most If stips long hirsute; larger roots thickened, 1.5–3 mm wide, usually finely tomentose; nectary scale (1–)1.5–3 mm; achenes in a semi-globose cluster; sagebr or grassl to ponderosa pine for, lowl to upper mont

28a Lvs simple throughout, shallowly 3(5)-lobed at tip, the lobes gen entire; nectary scale gen ciliate on upper margin; widespread e Cas (see lead 21a)

16 **R. glaberrimus** Hook.

28b Lvs compound, ternate to triternate

29a Lvs ternate, lfts shallowly to deeply lobed, segms broadly oblanceolate to ovate or obovate; nectary scale eciliate, entire to erose on upper margin; talus slopes in sagebr, rocky grassl, and oak woodl; narrow endemic from Kittitas to Klickitat cos, WA; basalt b.
22 R. basalticus Giblin

29b Lvs 3–4 × triternately dissected into linear segms; nectary scale rarely ciliate on upper margin; sagebr slopes, oak woodl, and open ponderosa pine for; endemic to e end CRG, Klickitat Co, WA, and Wasco and Hood R cos, OR; obscure b. (*R. reconditus*)

23 **R. triternatus** A. Gray

727b Basal-most If stips glab or only ciliate on margins (occ hirsute in no 22); larger roots slender, 0.3–1.5 mm wide, glab; nectary scale 0.1–0.7(–1.5) mm; achenes often in an elongate cluster; subalp and alp meadows and slopes

30a Petals 1–5(–6) mm; sepals 2–5 mm; achene beak 0.3–0.8 mm; lobes of basal lvs with rounded to obtuse tips

31a Petals 3–5(–6) mm; stamens ca 50; achene body 1.2–2.4 mm, beak curved; fl sts (3–)7–20 cm; basal lf bls mostly 0.8–2 cm; alp meadows, rock ledges, and talus slopes; AK s, in w Can, to OM and Cas, WA, ne OR, ID, MT, ne UT, and n CO; Siberia; arctic b. (R. gelidus misapplied, R. verecundus)

31b Petals 1–3.5 mm; stamens 10–20; achene body 1–1.2 mm, beak straight or curved; fl sts 1–3(–6) cm; basal lf bls ca 0.5–1 cm; alp meadows and rock crevices, gen near snowbanks; AK to Greenl, s to Okanogan Co, WA, c ID, w MT, WY, ne UT, and CO; Europe; dwarf b.

25 R. pygmaeus Wahlenb.

30b Petals (6–)7–16 mm; sepals 4–8 mm; achene beak 0.5–1.8 mm; lobes of basal lvs with rounded to acute tips

32a Pls ± pilose throughout and esp on the peds; achene beak 0.5–1 mm, strongly curved; basal If bls pedately parted into (5)7(9) acute lobes, these simple or divided; petals 7–10 mm (occ absent); circumpolar, s sporadically in RM through MT to NM and AZ; birdfoot b., n b.; ours var. affinis (R. Br.) L.D. Benson 26 R. pedatifidus Sm.

32b Pls glab, or rarely sparsely pubescent on the peds and upper lvs; achene beak 0.6–1.8 mm, straight to slightly curved; basal lvs variously lobed, the lobes rounded or acute; petals (6–)7–16 mm

33a Basal Ivs 2–3 × finely dissected into linear segms 0.5–1.5(–2) mm wide; stamens 100–125; achene body 1.8–2.4 mm; subalp and alp meadows, often near melting snowbanks; c ID and sw MT to WY, NV, UT, and CO (*R. eschscholtzii* var. *alpinus*) 27 R. adoneus A. Gray

33b Basal lvs 1–2 × divided into segms mostly > 2 mm wide; stamens 20–40; achene body 1.4–2 mm; mont to alp meadows and talus slopes; widespread, AK to CA, in both OM and Cas, e to Alta, RMS, and AZ; subalp b.; 4 vars. in our area

28 R. eschscholtzii Schltdl.

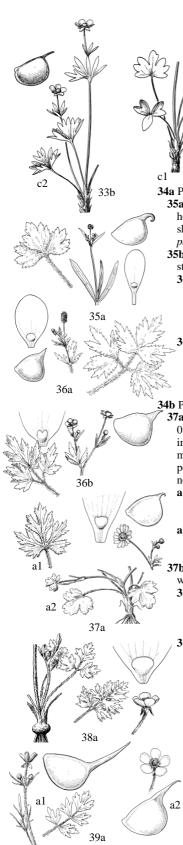
a1 Basal If bls obovate to broadly oblong, with cuneate to rounded bases, 5–9-lobed or occ the middle lobe again divided, lobe tips and sinuses gen acute to acuminate; petals 9–16 mm; RM, from se BC and sw Alta to w MT, e ID, and nw WY, disjunct in se UT, n AZ

var. eximius (Greene) L.D. Benson

a2 Basal If bls broadly obovate to reniform, with cordate to truncate bases, variously lobed; petals (6–)7–12 mm

b1 Middle segm of many basal lvs deeply lobed, the lobes and teeth gen > 3, oblanceolate to obovate, tips obtuse or rounded; e OR through c ID to nw WY var. **trisectus** (B.L. Rob.) L.D. Benson

b2 Middle segm of basal lvs unlobed or at most with 3 lobes or teeth (occ > 3 in var. *suksdorfii*, with lanceolate, acute lobes)



c1 Basal If segms and sinuses mostly rounded to obtuse, middle segm of basal lvs entire to shallowly 3-lobed; range of sp.

var. eschscholtzii

c2 Basal If segms and sinuses mostly acute, middle segm of basal lvs gen lobed; OM and Cas, WA, nw CA, and RM from se BC and sw Alta to ID and nw WY, apparently absent from OR

var. suksdorfii (A. Gray) L.D. Benson

Group 5

34a Petals 2–6 mm, < to only slightly > sepals

35a Basal If bls deeply lobed but simple; recep glab; achene beak 1–2(–2.5) mm, hooked, body glab or sparsely hispid; petals 2–4(–5) mm; moist areas, often in shade, widespread from lowl to subalp; AK to CA, e to RMS; little b. (*R. u.* var. parviflorus)

29 **R. uncinatus** D. Don

35b Basal If bls in part compound, lflets gen stalked; recep hirsute; achene beak straight or nearly so, body glab

36a Petals 2–4 × 1.5–2.5 mm, < the sharply reflexed sepals; achenes in an ovoid-cylindric cluster, the head 5–7 mm wide with fr recep up to 12 mm; achene beak 0.5–0.9 mm; st lvs 3–8, ave > 4; sts erect, never nodally rooting; wet ground, esp along streams; AK to w and n WA, e to ID, MT, and e N Am, s occ to AZ and NM; PA b., bristly b.

30 **R. pensylvanicus** L. f.

36b Petals $4-6 \times 3.5-5$ mm, ca = the spreading to reflexed sepals; achenes in a globose to ovoid cluster, the head 7–10 mm wide with fr recep up to 5 mm; achene beak 1–1.5 mm; st lvs gen < 4; sts often \pm decumbent, occ rooting at nodes; moist to wet places, lowl to mont; AK s, on both sides Cas, to ne CA, AZ, and NM, e to NE, MN, and e Can; Macoun's b. (*R. m.* var. *oreganus*) 31 **R. macounii** Britt.

34b Petals 5-18 mm (ave > 7 mm), much > sepals

37a Petals 8–16 in most fls, oblong, ca 2.5–3 × as long as wide; beak of achene stout, 0.2–0.8 mm, recurved; basal lvs simple or compound; grassy coastal bluffs; disjunct in Gulf Is of sw BC and San Juan Is of nw WA, otherwise coastal OR s to Baja Cal; many pls from sw BC and nw WA combine characters of the 2 vars., or have wider petals or achene beaks 1–1.8 mm suggesting hybridization with no 37, further study needed; CA b.; 2 vars.
32 R. californicus Benth.

a1 Sts hirsute (hairs spreading) or glab, erect to decumbent; basal lvs with ultimate segms mostly acute to obtuse at tip; sw OR s to Baja Cal, possibly also in sw BC and nw WA var. californicus

a2 Sts strigose (hairs ± appressed), gen prostrate to decumbent; basal lvs with ultimate segms mostly rounded to obtuse at tip; sw BC and nw WA (where uncommon), and coastal OR to coastal CA var. **cuneatus** Greene

37b Petals 5–6 in most fls, when (as occ) 8 or more then scarcely twice as long as wide, or achene beak often $> 1~\mathrm{mm}$

38a Sts conspicuously thickened and cormose at base; basal If bls deeply lobed to more often ± pinnately compound; recep hispid; petals 9–13 mm and ca as wide; achene beak 0.2–0.8 mm; uncommon European intro; sw BC to nw CA, w Cas and in CRG, e N Am; bulbous b.
33 R. bulbosus L.

38b Sts not enlarged and cormose at base

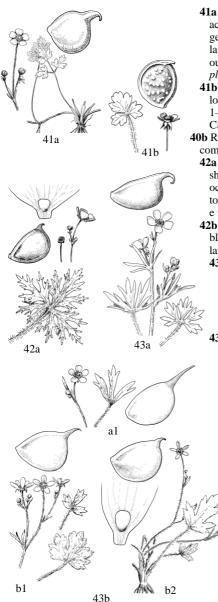
39a Achenes with straight beak 2–4 mm; basal If bls pinnately 5–7-lobed or compound; petals 8–18 mm; nectary scale 0.5–1 mm; recep hispid; moist fields to mont meadows; se AK to CA, e to w MT, w WY, UT, and NV; straightbeak b.; 2 vars. in our area
34 R. orthorhynchus Hook.

a1 Petals yellow but gen reddish-tinged on back, mostly > 2 × as long as wide; heads of achenes hemispheric to occ globose, 5–7 mm wide; achene beak 3–4 mm; se AK and BC s, mostly in and w Cas, to CA var. orthorhynchus

a2 Petals yellow, mostly < 2 × as long as wide; heads of achenes globose to ovoid, 8–13 mm wide; achene beak gen 2–3 mm; BC s, on both sides Cas, to CA, e to ID, w MT, w WY, UT, and NV var. **platyphyllus** A. Gray

39b Achenes with beak 0.2–2(–2.5) mm, curved or straight (if rarely > 2 mm then basal If bls merely deeply lobed); basal lvs simple or compound

40a Recep hispid or pilose (rarely glab in *R. repens*); basal lf bls compound, lflets gen stalked



41a Achene beak 0.8–1.2 mm, lanceolate to lanceolate-filiform, recurved, achene body smooth; sepals spreading or slightly reflexed from base; sts gen prostrate or decumbent, tending to root at lower nodes; roadsides, lawns, moist areas; European intro; AK s to CA and UT, and in e N Am, in our area esp common lowl w Cas, occ e to MT; creeping b. (*R. repens* var. pleniflorus, a cult form with double fls)

35 R. repens L.

41b Achene beak 0.3–0.7 mm; stout, deltoid, achene body smooth or with low tubercles; sepals strongly reflexed along a well-defined transverse fold 1–3 mm above base; sts ± erect, never rooting at lower nodes; occ intro w Cas (see lead 16a)

11 **R. sardous** Crantz

40b Recep glab; basal If bls simple though often deeply lobed to divided (rarely compound with stalked lflets)

42a Basal If bls pentagonal, deeply (3–)5 × parted into narrow segms with short acute teeth or lobes; achene beak 0.3–0.6(–1) mm, deltate, curved or occ straight; sepals spreading; sts gen erect, 3–10 dm; widely estab on moist to well-drained soil; European intro; both sides Cas, AK to n CA and AZ, e to ID, MT, UT, WY, and e N Am; meadow b., tall b. 36 **R. acris** L.

42b Basal If bls not conspicuously pentagonal, gen 3-lobed with the segms blunt to acute, entire or with few lobes or teeth; achene beak 0.4–2.2 mm, lanceolate to lanceolate-subulate, curved or straight

43a Sepals spreading or slightly reflexed from base; bls of basal lvs gen dissected into linear or narrowly lanceolate segms or teeth; beak of achene considerably flattened, gen > 0.5 mm wide at base, < 1(-1.5) mm, strongly recurved; moist banks and meadowl; c ID to w MT, s to UT, WY, and CO; sharp b.; ours var. **montanensis** (Rydb.) L.D. Benson

37 R. acriformis A. Gray

43b Sepals strongly reflexed along a well-defined transverse fold 1–3 mm above base; bls of basal lvs parted into 3 primary segms, these oblong, elliptic, lanceolate, or oblanceolate, shallowly toothed or lobed; beak of achene not greatly flattened, (0.4–)1–2.2 mm, straight or curved; meadows and open woods; mostly w Cas, AK to CA, e occ to Alta and ne OR; w b.; 3 vars. in our area

38 R. occidentalis Nutt.

a1 Achene beak 1.2–2.2 mm, nearly straight (except for the slightly curled tip); petals mostly $< 2 \times$ as long as wide; Blue Mts to Deschutes Co, OR, s to n CA var. **dissectus** L.F. Hend.

a2 Achene beak 0.4–1.8 mm, curved through much of length; petals < or > twice as long as wide; mostly w Cas, and e in CRG

b1 Petals 3–6 mm wide, mostly ca 2 × as long as wide; achene beak 0.6–1.8 mm; sts erect to decumbent; basal lvs fairly thick, often < 2 cm; sw BC s, w Cas and in CRG, to CA (*R. o.* var. *rattanii*)

var. occidentalis

b2 Petals 1.5–2.5 mm wide, mostly $> 2 \times$ as long as wide; achene beak 0.4–1.2 mm; sts \pm decumbent; basal lvs delicate, 2–5 cm; app our area in s OR, s to CA var. **ultramontanus** Greene